Increasing safety of vulnerable groups in the Lac region, Chad
130,000 people displaced incl. 8,000 refugees
Security and armed forces

- Village safety committees
  (« comités de vigilance »)
- No major attack against civilians since January 2016
- Fights between Chad army and Boko Haram on the border with Nigeria/Niger
- FMM: increased military presence
ERW/IEDs threat and victims

► 14 hazardous areas identified and marked
  ▪ Bol-Baga Sola-Liwa road
  ▪ ERW contamination: rockets, artillery shells

► Use of IEDs by Boko Haram

► 18 victims identified

► Areas and victims reported to the CND (IMSMA)
Focus on IEDs

Sept 2015 – Sept 2016: 4 accidents registered in the Lac region due to suicide bombings or trapped mines in Baga Sola, Litri, Kaiga Kindjira, Bohoma
Focus on ERW

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HI’s response and intervention: RE / surveys

► Mine/ERW/IEDs Risk Education

2016: 477 RE sessions
18,011 beneficiaries

► Community-based RE

43 Community Focal Points
raised awareness of 46% of the beneficiaries

→ adapted and sustainable intervention
RE: targeting at-risk groups

- Local population, IDPs, refugees

Focus on children

RE session by CFPs, targeting women of the neighborhood

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RE: targeting key actors

- Raising awareness/training of key community & protection actors
  (school staff, local organisations, local authorities)
  to maximize impact of HI staff and CFPs interventions
Contamination survey & marking

► Data collection on contamination
► Marking of suspected hazardous areas
  → reducing risks of accidents for the population
► Reporting to CND for further depollution